

20.11: Solving Quadratic Inequalities

Recall: Solving an inequality is very similar to solving an equation.

* if you (\times) or (\div) by a negative, you must reverse the inequality

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Ex: } -2x^2 + 4x > 0 \\ \quad \underline{-2} \quad \underline{-2} \downarrow \underline{-2} \\ \quad \quad x^2 - 2x < 0 \end{array}$$

Solving Quadratic Inequalities

1) Set the inequality to zero

$$\cdot 2x^2 > 4x \Rightarrow 2x^2 - 4x > 0$$

2) Ignore the inequality and solve the quadratic equation by:

(i) factoring (GCF, DOTS, Trinomial)

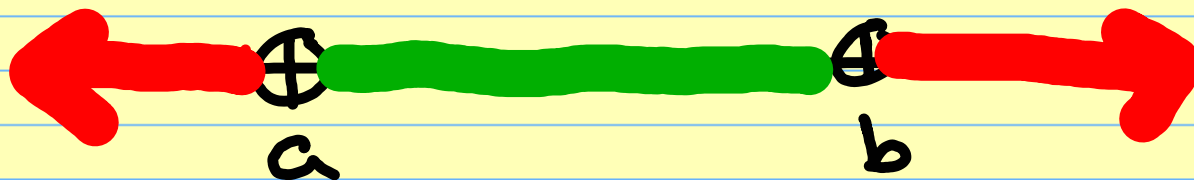
or (ii) quadratic formula: $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

or (iii) Complete the square

$$ax^2 + bx = c$$

* a must be 1.

3) Plot the 2 solutions on a number line and test to determine if you shade between or outside



* you can memorize this

$$ax^2 \text{ must be } (+) \begin{cases} ax^2 + bx + c > 0 \Rightarrow \text{shade outside} \\ ax^2 + bx + c < 0 \Rightarrow \text{shade between} \end{cases}$$

Ex: Find the solution set of:

$$x^2 + 2x > 8$$

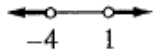
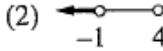
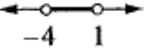
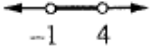
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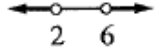
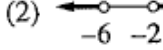
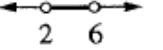
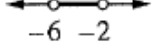
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Chapter Summary

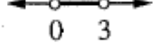
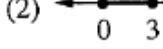
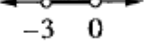

3. Which is the graph of the solution set of $x^2 + 3x - 4 > 0$?

(1)  (2)  (3)  (4) 

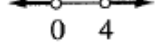
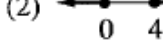
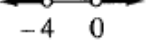

4. Which is the graph of the solution set of $x^2 - 8x + 12 < 0$?

(1)  (2)  (3)  (4) 

5. If $x^2 - 3x \leq 0$, which is the graph of the solution set?

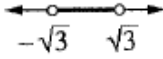
(1)  (2)  (3)  (4) 

6. The graph of the solution set of $x^2 - 4x \geq 0$ is

(1)  (2)  (3)  (4) 

7. Which of the following is a quadratic inequality whose solution is graphed at the right?

(1) $x^2 - 3 < 0$ (2) $x^2 - 3 > 0$
 (3) $x^2 - 3 \leq 0$ (4) $x^2 - 3 \geq 0$



In 8–23, for each quadratic inequality: **a.** Write the solution set. **b.** Graph the solution set.

8. $x^2 - 16 < 0$ 9. $x^2 - 25 > 0$ 10. $2x^2 - 8 > 0$ 11. $x^2 - 4x \geq 0$
 12. $x^2 + 7x \leq 0$ 13. $x^2 - 7x + 10 < 0$ 14. $x^2 - x - 6 > 0$ 15. $x^2 - 5x - 24 \leq 0$
 16. $x^2 + 8x + 7 \geq 0$ 17. $x^2 > 8x + 20$ 18. $x^2 + 2x < 15$ 19. $x^2 + 27 < 12x$
 20. $4x^2 - 9 \geq 0$ 21. $2x^2 - 11x + 5 \geq 0$ 22. $3x^2 + 10x \leq 8$ 23. $9x^2 + 4 \leq 15x$

24. The quadratic inequality $x^2 - 14x + 49 \leq 0$ has a solution set consisting of only one number.
a. Find the solution set. **b.** Explain why the solution set is limited to one number.

25. Explain why the solution set of $x^2 + 16 < 0$ is empty.

26. Explain why the solution set of $x^2 + 9 > 0$ is the set of all real numbers.

In 27–34, write the solution set of each quadratic inequality.

27. $x^2 - 6x + 9 > 0$ 28. $x^2 - 6x + 9 < 0$ 29. $x^2 - 6x + 9 \geq 0$ 30. $x^2 - 6x + 9 \leq 0$

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$$\mathbf{21. \quad 2x^2 - 11x + 5 \geq 0}$$

$$33. \quad 4x^2 + 1 \leq 4x$$